

London Borough of Enfield

Crime and Scrutiny Review Meeting - 23rd September 2021

Subject: Enfield Crime and Anti-social Behaviour Performance

Cabinet Member: Cllr Keazor

Executive Director: Tony Theodoulou

Purpose of Report

1. For information and comment

Relevance to the Council Plan

2. To note performance against Enfield's Safer Stronger Communities Board priorities up to 31st July 2021

Background

The information below provides an update on performance against the priorities agreed by the Safer and Stronger Communities Board (SSCB) within its current Partnership Plan 2020-2022. These priorities are;

- Tackling violent crime in all its forms
- Keeping young people safe and reducing their risks from crime
- Reducing burglary and keeping people safe at home
- Promoting cohesion and tackling hate crime
- Dealing with anti-social behaviour

With additional focus on tackling illegal drugs and raising awareness to deter vehicle crime

The report reflects on performance locally in comparison with London as a whole.

Main Considerations for the Panel

3. Key issues, challenges, comparative data

Conclusions

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Date of report 2nd September 2021

Appendices None

Background Papers None

Introduction

1. The data within this report is sourced from Police records, which can be subject to fluctuations due to record processing. It is optimally accessed at least 5 working days from the end of the required reporting month, after which more analysis can then be produced.
2. Due to the submission deadlines for the September 2021 Crime and Scrutiny Review Meeting, Police data for August 2021 was not yet available, this report therefore includes data to the end of July 2021.

Summary

3. Total Notifiable Offences in Enfield decreased by 1.8% in the year ending July 2021. In London, there was a higher reduction of 8.2% in the same period.
4. Residential Burglaries in Enfield decreased by 26.4% in the year ending July 2021, with a 17.1% reduction in London.
5. Although Enfield continues to have high levels of Serious Youth Violence (SYV) victims, we have experienced a decrease of 18.8% in the year ending July 2021, compared to 2020. This is very similar to the London average which was 18.6% in the same period.
6. Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury decreased by 10% in last year, while in London there was a smaller 5.1% decrease.
7. ASB calls decreased in Enfield, with a 2.1% fall in call numbers in the year ending July 2021, compared to same period the previous year. In London, there was an increase of 2.4% in the same period.

Table 1: The overall performance of Enfield’s SSCB priorities compared to London in the year to July 2021, compared to the previous year

Enfield Safer and Stronger Communities Partnership Board Priorities							
Enfield Charts	Enfield 01/08/2019 to 31/07/2020	Enfield 01/08/2020 to 31/07/2021	Enfield % Change	London Charts	London 01/08/2019 to 31/07/2020	London 01/08/2020 to 31/07/2021	London % Change
Residential Burglary Offences	2307	1699	-26.4%	Residential Burglary Offences	51822	42944	-17.1%
Violence Against the Person Offences	8178	8867	8.4%	Violence Against the Person Offences	219118	227949	4.0%
Non-Domestic Abuse VWI Offences	1685	1702	1.0%	Non-Domestic Abuse VWI Offences	48185	46037	-4.5%
Domestic Abuse Incidents	6235	6362	2.0%	Domestic Abuse Incidents	151706	153482	1.2%
Domestic Abuse VWI Offences	999	899	-10.0%	Domestic Abuse VWI Offences	24053	22825	-5.1%
Serious Youth Violence Victims aged 1-19	399	324	-18.8%	Serious Youth Violence Victims aged 1-19	7218	5872	-18.6%
Child Sexual Exploitation Incidents	52	65	25.0%	Child Sexual Exploitation Incidents	1210	1277	5.5%
Child Sexual Exploitation Offences	18	27	50.0%	Child Sexual Exploitation Offences	511	591	15.7%
Knife Crime Offences	656	534	-18.6%	Knife Crime Offences	13561	10594	-21.9%
Knife Crime Possession Offences	178	139	-21.9%	Knife Crime Possession Offences	4866	4383	-9.9%
Knife Crime with Injury Offences	147	120	-18.4%	Knife Crime with Injury Offences	3444	3181	-7.6%
Knife Crime Injury Victims Aged 1-24	55	55	0.0%	Knife Crime Injury Victims Aged 1-24	1442	1356	-6.0%
Knife Crime With Injury Non DA Victims under 24	47	53	12.8%	Knife Crime With Injury Non DA Victims under 24	1317	1252	-4.9%
Robbery of Personal Property Offences	1350	899	-33.4%	Robbery of Personal Property Offences	30347	21811	-28.1%
Gun Crime Offences	109	78	-28.4%	Gun Crime Offences	1895	1475	-22.2%
Gun Crime Lethal Barrel Only Offences	21	4	-81.0%	Gun Crime Lethal Barrel Only Offences	299	236	-21.1%
Gun Crime Personal Robbery Offences	20	14	-30.0%	Gun Crime Personal Robbery Offences	386	283	-26.7%
Acid Attacks Offences	16	1	-93.8%	Acid Attacks Offences	244	73	-70.1%
Sexual Offences	618	801	29.6%	Sexual Offences	18788	21317	13.5%
Rape Offences	274	281	2.6%	Rape Offences	7578	8184	8.0%
Hate Crime Offences	644	773	20.0%	Hate Crime Offences	23868	26324	10.3%
ASB Calls	14514	14208	-2.1%	ASB Calls	404040	413587	2.4%
Aggravated Vehicle Taking	46	44	-4.3%	Aggravated Vehicle Taking	1027	759	-26.1%
Interfering with a Motor Vehicle	913	696	-23.8%	Interfering with a Motor Vehicle	16462	12116	-26.4%
Theft from a Motor Vehicle	3648	3438	-5.8%	Theft from a Motor Vehicle	75501	62179	-17.6%
Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle	1358	1543	13.6%	Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle	27110	26186	-3.4%
Total Notifiable Offences	29349	28809	-1.8%	Total Notifiable Offences	842637	773862	-8.2%

Figures in Table 1 were downloaded from Police Metstats2 on the 04/08/2021

Keeping young people safe and reducing their risks from crime

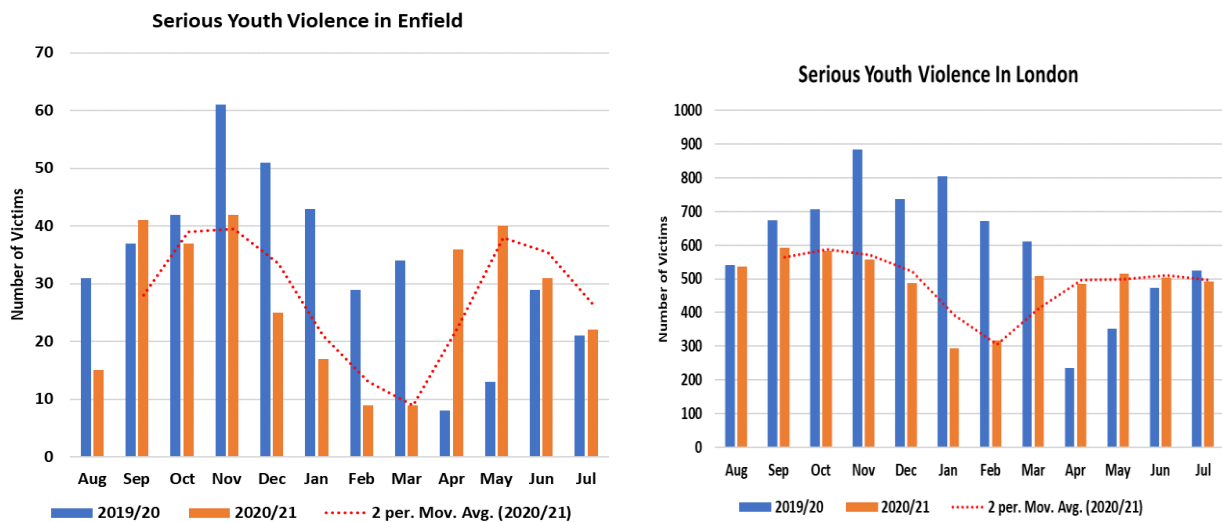
Serious Youth Violence

- The number of Serious Youth Violence victims in Enfield decreased in the year to July 2021, by 18.8%, recording 324 victims, compared with 399 victims in the year ending July 2020, a decrease of 75 victims. The borough’s decrease is very similar to the London average decrease of 18.6% in the same period. In the capital there was an average of 142 victims per borough

over the last year. Overall, there were 1,346 less victims across London which equates to an average of 42 less victims per borough in this period.

9. In the last 6 months there have been some notable fluctuations in the borough with 9 victims each month in February and March 2021, followed by a sharp rise in April and May 2021 when there were 36 and 41 victims respectively. Higher than the same months in the previous year. The number of victims recorded in June 2021 (n=31) was then similar to the same month in 2019/20 (n=29). This trend then continued in July 2021 when 22 victims were recorded compared to 21 victims in July 2020.
10. In London, the pattern of almost mirroring the same months last year over June and July was repeated.

Charts 1 & 2: Comparison of Serious Youth Violence victims in the 2 years to July 2021 in Enfield and London



11. The ONS Mid 2020 Estimate continues to indicate that Enfield has the 4th largest youth population aged 1-19¹ in London accounting for over a quarter (26%) of the borough's total population - 333,787. This equates to a rate of 4 Serious Youth Violence victims per 1000 of the borough's youth population in the year to July 2021.
12. Enfield's Basic Command Unit partner Haringey has the 20th highest youth population in London and had the 7th highest numbers of SYV victims in 2020/21 with a 18.5% decrease, recording 303 victims by July 2021 and like Enfield also a rate of 4 per 1000 of their youth population.
13. In the year to July 2021, there were no London boroughs where an increase in Serious Youth Violence victims was recorded.

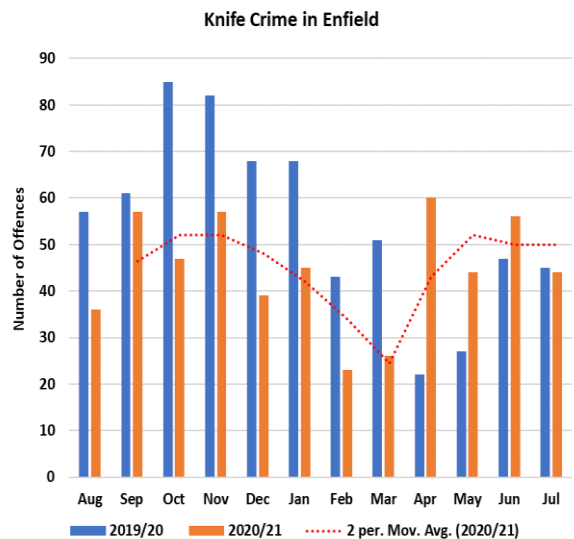
¹ Serious Youth Violence is defined as 'any offence of most serious violence or weapon enabled crime, where the victim is aged 1-19' i.e. murder, manslaughter, rape, wounding with intent and causing grievous bodily harm.
<https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/populationandmigration/populationestimates/datasets/populationestimatesforukenglandandwalesandnorthernireland> - ONS Mid-Year population estimates 2020-21

Knife Crime

14. In the year ending July 2021, Knife Crime² in Enfield had decreased by 18.6%, compared with the previous year. Numbers fell by 122 to 534 offences by the end of July 2021 from 656 the year before.

15. Generally numbers of offences have been declining from September 2020 to March this year, before increasing sharply in April 2020 to the highest level in the last 12 months with 60 offences. June 2021 however then had 56 offences recorded, followed by July 2021 with 44 offences comparable to the 45 offences recorded in July 2020.

16. London experienced a similar reduction of 21.9% in the same period, with an average of 883 offences per borough in the last year.



Knife Crime Possession Offences

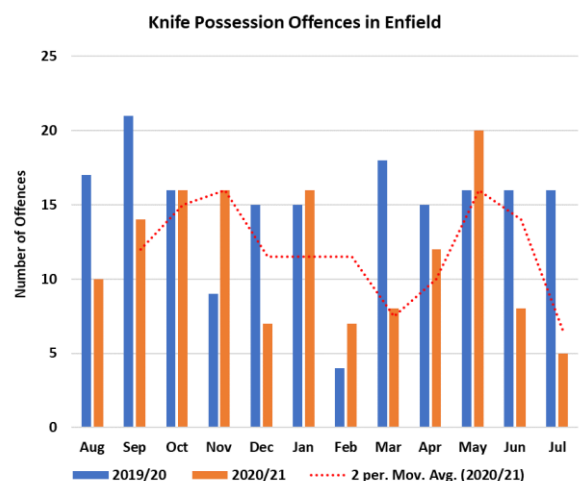
17. By year ending July 2021 Enfield's Knife Crime Possession offences decreased 21.9%, compared to the previous year, with 178 offences in 2019/20 declining to 139 in 2020/21.

18. Over the last year, there have been an average of 12 offences per month.

19. Since the decline in February 2021 to 7 offences, there has been a steady month on month increase to the highest number of the last year in May 2021 with 19 offences recorded. This however is not dissimilar to the 16 offences recorded in May 2020.

20. Most recently and in stark contrast to the above, 5 offences were recorded in the borough in July 2021, the lowest number in the last 12 months.

21. London experienced a lower reduction of 9.9% in the same period. There was an average of 137 offences per borough in 2020/21.

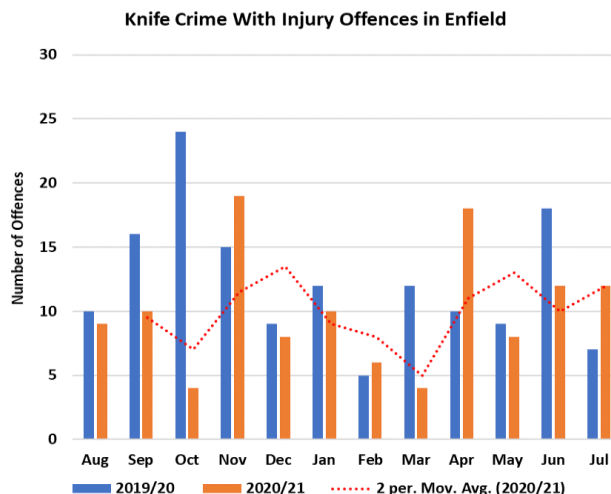


² **Knife crime** is defined in as an offence of homicide, attempted murder, assault with intent to cause harm, assault with injury, threats to kill, sexual offences (including rape) and robbery or where a knife or sharp instrument has been used to injure, used as a threat, or the victim was convinced a knife was present during the offence.

Knife Crime with Injury Offences

22. In the year ending July 2021 Knife Crime with Injury offences decreased by 18.4%, compared to the previous year falling by 27 offences from 147 offences in 2019/20 to 120 in 2020/21.

23. The highest number of offences in 2020/21 was in November 2020 with 19 offences recorded, followed by 18 offences then recorded in April 2020. In each of these months, levels rose above the corresponding months in 2019/20.

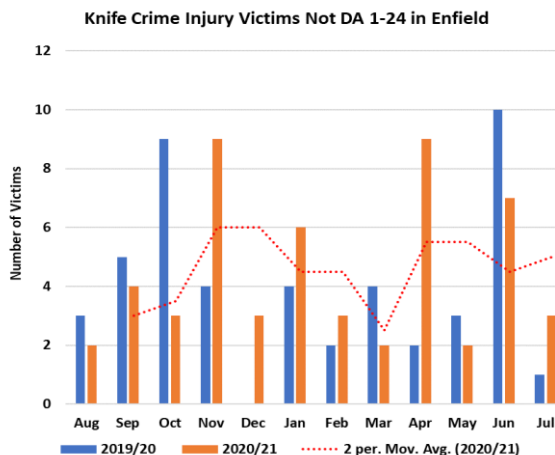


24. Recently in both June and July 2021, 12 offences were recorded which are the 3rd highest monthly numbers in the last 12 months. While June 2021 was lower than last June (n=18), July 2021 was higher than the same month in 2020 when there were 7 offences.

25. London also experienced a reduction of 7.6% in the same period, approximately 8 less offences per borough (an average of 99 offences each).

Knife Crime Injury Victims Non-Domestic Abuse Under 24

26. With 55 victims recorded in both 2019/20 and 2020/21, Non-Domestic Knife Crime Victims under 24 made up 96% of all Knife Crime Injury Victims under 24 in Enfield (i.e. approx. 4% of injury victims in this age bracket were domestic related.)



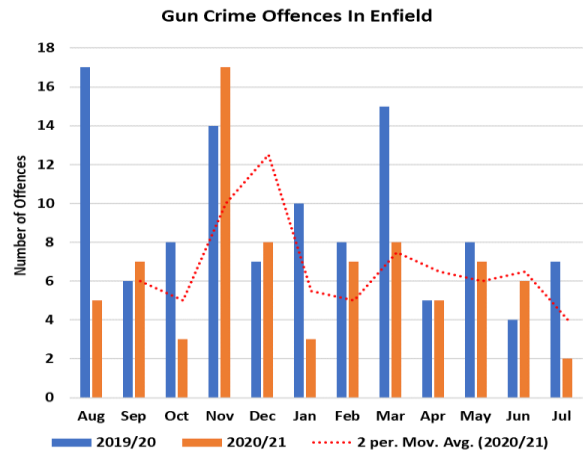
27. Like Knife Crime with Injury offences, those victims that were under 24 and non-domestic follow the same pattern, rising in November 2020 (n=9), and April (n=9) and June 2021 (n=7).

28. In London in the year to July 2021, there was a reduction of 4.9%. Like Enfield there was a peak in June 2021

Gun Crime

29. Gun crime³ offences in Enfield decreased by 28.4%, recording 78 offences in the year to July 2021, compared with 109 the previous year.

30. November 2020 recorded the highest annual number of offences with 17 offences in Enfield in 2020/21, since then numbers have remained similar to the same months the previous year except in March 2021 when they were significantly below the same month in 2020.



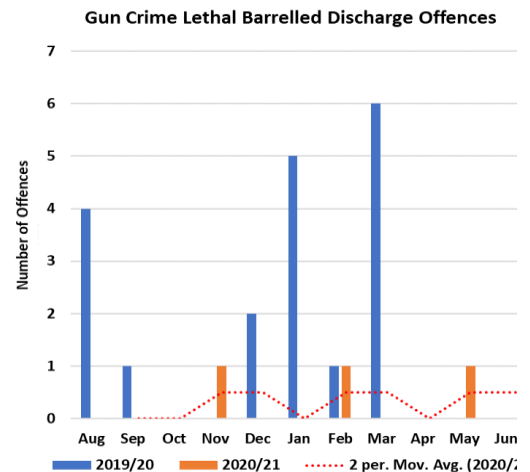
31. July 2021 had the lowest level in Enfield in the last 2 years with 2 offences recorded.

32. London experienced a reduction of 22.2% in the same period. In the capital, there were 1,895 offences in 2019/20 and 1,475 in 2020/21 were recorded.

Gun Crime Lethal Barrelled Discharged Offences

33. This offence has decreased significantly in Enfield. There were 4 Gun Crime Lethal Barrelled offences in the borough in the year to July 2021, compared with 21 the previous year, an 81% decline.

34. With 2 offences recorded in July 2020, 2 further offences were then recorded in November 2020 and February 2021 in the borough, and most recently a single offence was recorded in May with one recorded in July 2021.



35. In contrast, there were 236 offences recorded across the capital in the last year (approximately 7 offences per borough),

36. decreasing by 21.1% from 299 the previous year.

³ **Gun Crime** is defined as an offence where a Firearm has been fired, any Firearm has been used as a blunt instrument to cause injury to a person, a Firearm has been intimidated and the victim was convinced a weapon was present or a Firearm has been used as a threat.

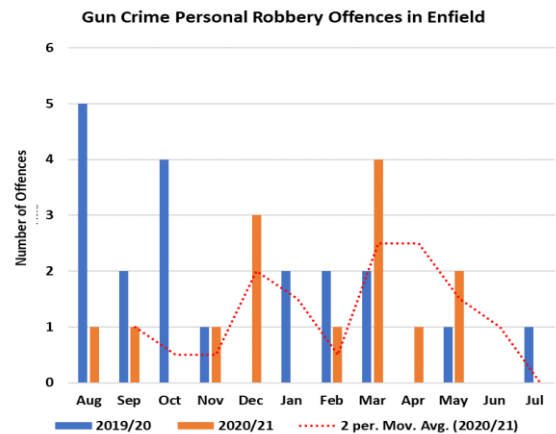
Gun Crime Personal Robbery

37. Gun Crime Personal Robbery offences have decreased by 6 offences reducing from 21 offences to 15 offences by the year ending July 2021 (30% decrease).

38. There were 4 months in 2020/21, when no offences were recorded at all in the borough - October 2020, January 2021 and most recently June and July 2021.

39. London also recorded a decrease of 26.7%, with offences across the capital dropping from 386 to 283 by the end of July 2021.

40. There were 21 offences recorded across the 32 London boroughs in July 2021 none of which occurred in Enfield.

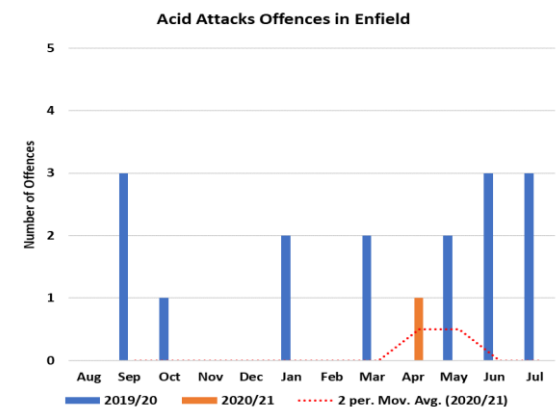


Acid Attacks

41. In the year ending July 2021 there has been a 93.8% decrease in acid attacks in the borough. 1 offence was recorded in 2020/21, compared with 16 recorded the previous year.

42. There had been no offences recorded in the borough for the 8 months until April 2021 when a single offence was recorded and there have been no further offences recorded in the borough.

43. In London, there was a decrease of 70.1% in the same period with 73 offences by the end of July 2021 compared to 244 reported the year before. There were 3 offences reported in July 2021 in London.

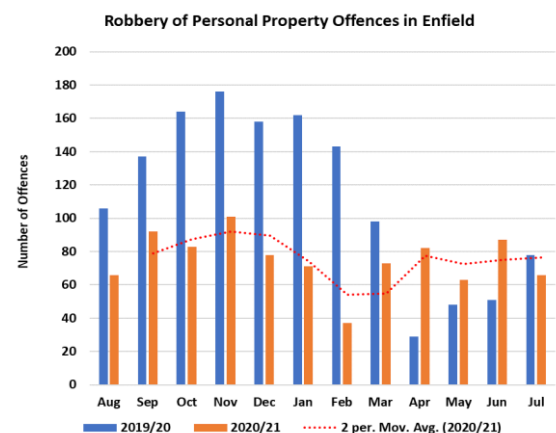


Robbery of Personal Property Offences

44. There was a notable decrease of 33.4% in the year ending July 2021 in the borough, when 899 offences were recorded, compared with 1,350 the previous year i.e. 451 less robberies.

45. In London numbers of offences decreased 28.1% in the same period with numbers declining from 30,347 to 21,811 which is an average of 682 personal robberies per borough recorded in 2020/21.

46. The decline therefore equates to an average of 267 less offences per borough since 2019/20.



47. For the first time in the last 12 months monthly numbers in April through to June 2021 were higher than the same months in 2020.

48. This trend then reversed in July 2021 when there were 66 offences in July 2021 compared to 78 in July 2020.

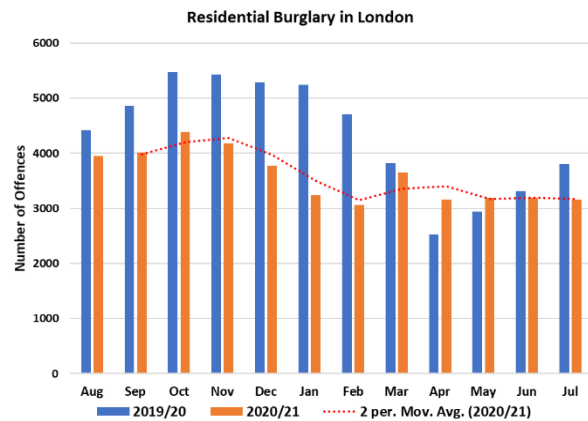
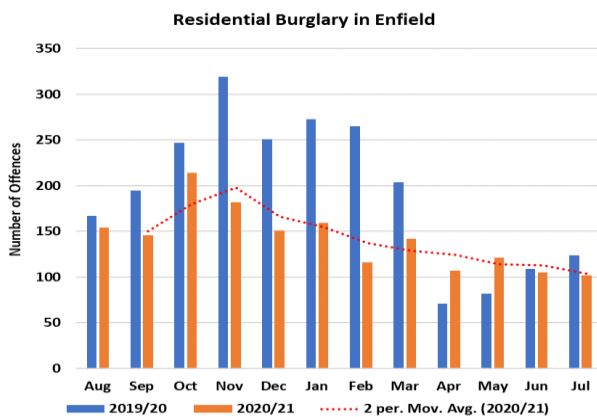
Reducing Burglary and Keeping People Safe in the Home Residential Burglary

49. There were 1,699 Residential Burglaries in Enfield in the year ending July 2021, compared with 2,307 the previous year, a decrease of 26.4%. In London, there was also a smaller decrease of 17.1% in the same period.

50. Enfield has an estimated 131,707 households (GLA Estimates 2017) which equates to a rate of 13 residential burglaries in the last year per 1000 households, a slightly lower rate⁴ than our neighbouring borough and Police Basic Command Unit partner Haringey with a rate of 15.

51. Over the last year, Enfield followed a similar pattern in residential burglaries to those recorded in the capital, with offences reaching their peak in October 2020 as the second lockdown was imminent, then declining through to February 2021, but in April and May 2021 for the first-time numbers exceeded the same month in 2020 in both regions. This trend then reverted through to July 2021 across both areas where almost identically offence numbers were similar to the same months in 2020.

Charts 3 & 4: Enfield and London Residential Burglaries 2-year comparison to July 2021



London Fire Brigade Statistics

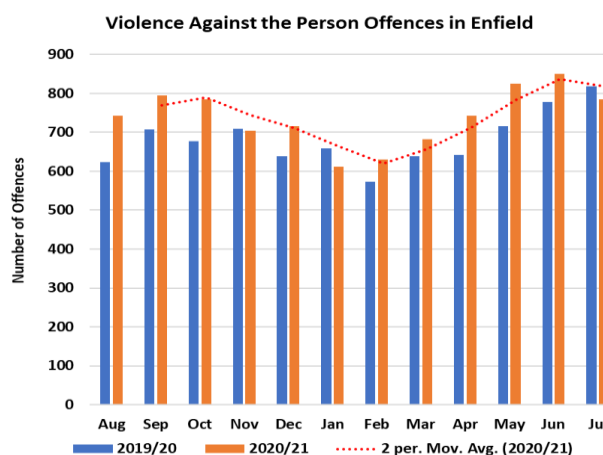
52. In July 2021, there were 83 Home Fire Safety Visits, this is still low due to no uptakes by phone centrally, most people have been visited after a nearby incident as part of a “Hot Strike”.

⁴ Haringey recorded 1,805 residential burglaries in the year ending July 2021 and is estimated to have 117,214 households in the borough (GLA estimates 2017).

Tackling Violent Crime in all its forms

Violence Against the Person Offences

53. In the year ending July 2021 there were a total of 8,867 Violence Against the Person offences (VAP)⁵ recorded in Enfield, compared with 8,178 offences the previous year, equating to an increase of 8.4% or a difference of 689 more offences.



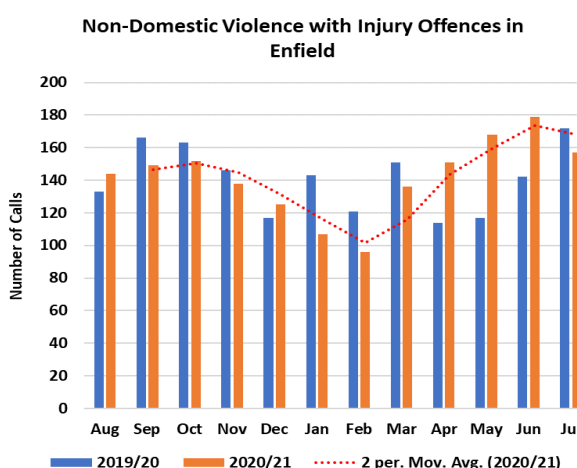
54. Through almost all of 2020/21 consistently the numbers of offences maintained the same trend distributions as those recorded through 2019/20.

55. Most recently in the borough after a decline in January 2021, numbers of offences have been steadily rising month on month following a similar pattern to the year before, however they reached their highest number in the last 24 months in June 2021 with 852 offences, by July 2021 levels had fallen back below the July 2020.

56. In London, there was a smaller increase of 4% in the same period, rising from 219,118 offences in the year to July 2020 to 227,949 this year, equating to 276 more offences per borough in 2020/21. London also recorded the highest number of offences in the last 2 years in July 2021 with 21,524 offences, equating to an average of 673 offences per borough in the month.

Non-Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury Offences

57. In the year ending July 2021 there were 1,702 offences, compared with 1,685 the previous year, equating to an increase of 1%.



58. In London, in contrast there was decrease of 4.5%.

59. Non-Domestic Violence with Injury offences followed the same trend as Violence Against the Person offences, with a peak to their highest levels in the last 2 years also recorded in June 2021 (n=179). The last time in the last 12 months numbers were similar was in July 2020 with 172 offences.

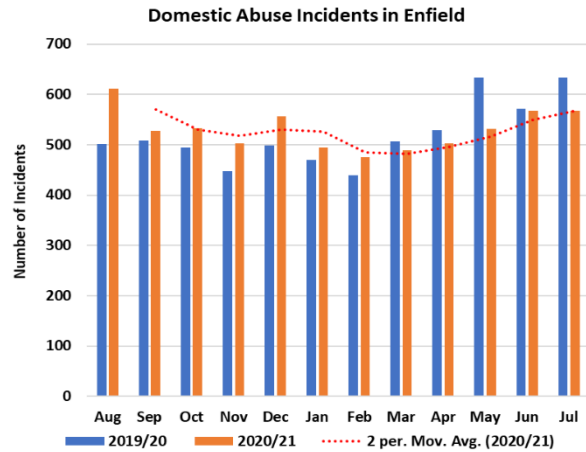
⁵ **Violence Against the Person Offences (VAP)** includes Minor Categories of Assault with Injury, Common Assault, Harassment, Murder (Homicide), Offensive Weapon, Other Violence and Wounding/GBH. All VAP offences include domestic and non-domestic related assaults.

Violence Against Women and Girls (VAWG)

Domestic Abuse Incidents

60. In the year ending July 2021 there were 6,362 Domestic Abuse Incidents in Enfield, compared to 6,235 the previous year, an increase of 2% (n=127).

61. London also experienced an increase of 1.2% over the same period. In the capital, there were 150,706 incidents recorded in 2019/20, rising to 153,482 in 2020/21, a borough average of just over 4,790.



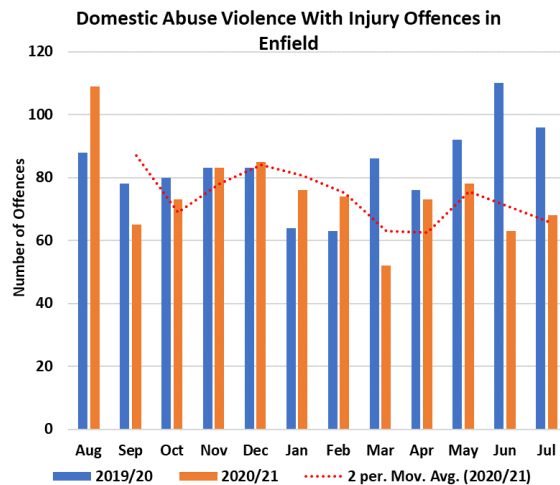
62. Domestic Abuse Incidents had until March 2021 remained consistently above the monthly numbers in 2019/20, since March 2021 this trend reversed, and numbers of incidents for the last 3 months have been slightly lower than the same months last year when the first full lockdown was in place.

63. In both June and July 2021 568 incidents were recorded in Enfield.

Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury Offences

64. In Enfield by July 2021, there was a 10% decrease in this offence type the numbers of Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury offences was 899 by the year ending July 2020/21 while there were 999 in 2019/20, a difference of 100 less offences.

65. In London there was a small decrease of 5.1% (n=-1,228) in the same period, decreasing from 24,053 offences in 2019/20 compared to 22,8925 in 2020/21.



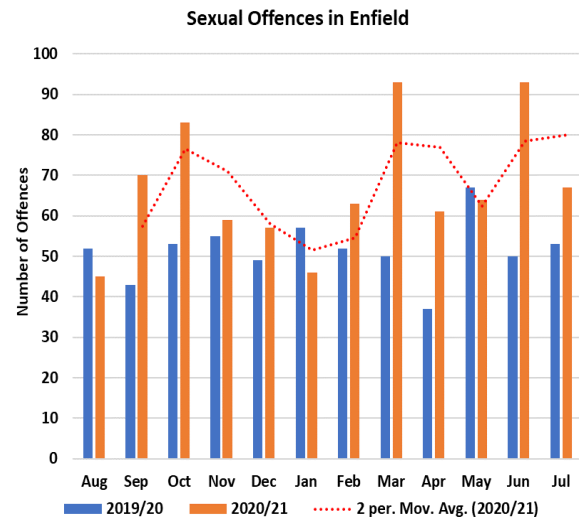
66. Since the peaks seen earlier in the last year in Enfield, numbers either remained the same as 2019/20 or slightly higher as seen in January and February 2021.

67. Since then numbers of offences declined to 53, the lowest number in the last 2 years in March 2021. Despite then increasing in April and May 2021, they have not reached the same levels recorded in the same months in 2020. Like June there was a stark contrast with numbers this year compared to last year - In July 2021 there were 68 offences recorded 40% lower than the 96 recorded in July 2020.

Sexual Offences

68. Figures for Enfield show that 801 Sexual Offences were reported in 2020/21. This is an increase of 29.6% from the 618 offences recorded in the borough by the end of July 2020, a difference of 183 offences.

69. London experienced a lower increase of 13.5%, which still equates to an average of 666 offences per borough.



70. In Enfield in the last year, sexual offences dropped to their lowest levels in August 2020 and again in January 2021 with 45 offences recorded each month.

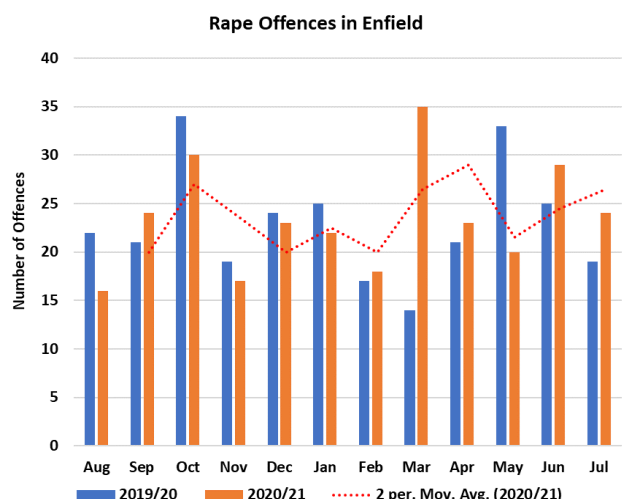
71. There was then a sharp increase this March, to the second highest offence levels in the last 2 years with 93 offences recorded, however most recently June 2021 recorded 94 offences. This was over a third higher than the month before. This pattern was replicated in London, with 2,277 offences across the region and an average of 71 offences per borough in June 2021 alone - numbers then fell in July 2021.

72. With regard to child sexual exploitation, where offences increased by 9 offences over the past 12 months, there was an increase in the number of cases of pupil on pupil assaults and a number of workshops were delivered in schools around consent. There were also more online offences for which reports increased during lockdown and a number of delayed reports being made which impacted on the figures.

Rape Offences

73. Rape offences increased in Enfield by 2.6% from 274 by end of 2019/20 to 281, a difference of 7 offences more by the end of 2020/21.

74. In London in contrast, there was a larger increase of 8% with 7,578 offences reported in 2019/20 increasing to 8,184 reported in 2020/21, an annual average of 256 per borough.



75. Clarification on the peak recorded in March 2021 of 35 offences in the month, from the Sapphire Unit confirmed that this trend was replicated across London.

76. Rises in reports of rape and sexual offences in March 2021 were linked with

the following factors encouraging reporting:

- Coming out of lockdown (increased social interaction, and also increased ability to report to police)
- Coverage and protests related to violence against women (prompted from the Sarah Everard investigation and vigil)
- News story about reports of abuse within schools and educational settings (especially increase in historic offending).

Promoting Cohesion and Tackling Hate Crime

Table 2: The 5 main strands of Hate Crime and the percentage change in Enfield and London

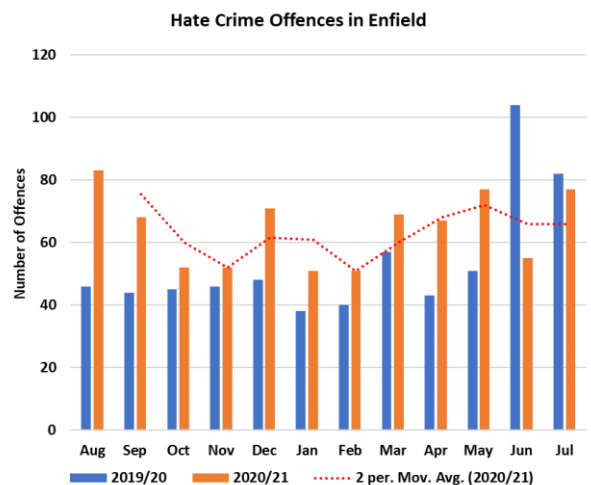
Hate Crime Strand	Enfield 12 Months to 31st July 2020	Enfield 12 Months to 31st July 2021	% Change	London 12 Months to 31st July 2020	London 12 Months to 31st July 2021	% Change
Racist and Religious Hate Crime Offences	554	688	24.2%	20162	22168	9.9%
Homophobic Hate Crime Offences	55	59	7.3%	2976	3218	8.1%
Disability Hate Crime Offences	29	18	-37.9%	464	595	28.2%
Transgender Hate Crime Offences	10	10	0.0%	266	343	28.9%

*It is possible for a hate crime offence to have more than one motivating factor which is why the numbers for each strand should not be aggregated - used here for illustrative purposes.

Hate Crime

77. Hate Crime increased by 20% in the year ending July 2021 recording 773 offences, compared with 644 the previous year i.e. 181 more offences were recorded in Enfield.

78. The highest number of offences in the last 2 years were recorded June 2020, with 104 offences recorded in that month alone. When June 2021 is now compared to June 2020, there is a stark contrast with 57 offences recorded



79. Over the last 12 months numbers fell from over 80 offences in August 2020 to November 2020, they remained higher than the same months in 2019/20. December 2020 saw another increase in offences compared to both the previous months as well as when compared to December 2019.

80. Since then numbers have then been rising again from January through to May 2021, when 77 offences were recorded, 73 of which were for Racist and Religious issues. All year numbers have remained higher than the corresponding months the year before, apart from June and July 2021 when 77 offences were recorded again.

81. Racist and Religious Hate Crime is the highest proportion of the hate crime strands, accounting for an average of 88% of reported hate crime in Enfield over the last 2 years.
82. Race Hate crime independently increased by 20.7% in the borough over the last year and contributes to the high overall numbers.
83. In contrast, London had an overall increase of 10.3% in total hate crime by the end of July 2021. In the same pattern as Enfield, the highest numbers of offences recorded in London in the last 2 years were from July to October 2020, again with the majority being Racist Hate crime which also contributed to the monthly peak in July 2020 also seen in the capital.

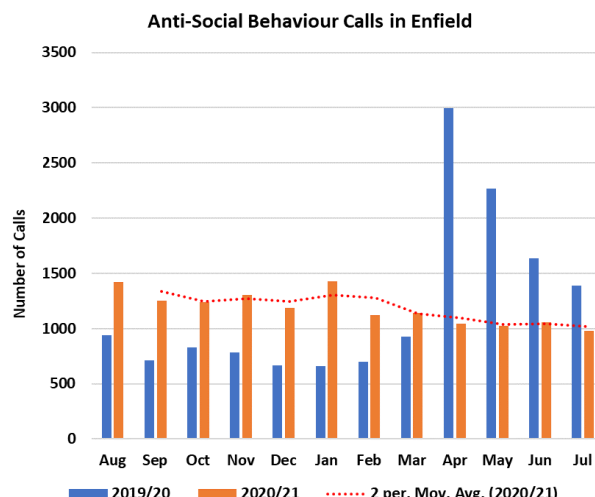
Anti-social Behaviour Calls (ASB)

84. There has now been a decrease in the number of Anti-Social Behaviour calls recorded in the borough in the year to July 2021 when compared to last year by 2.1% or 306 less calls.
85. The very high numbers of calls recorded in April through to July last year are now in stark contrast to the comparatively lower numbers for the rest of that year. By the year ending July 2020 there were 14,514 calls compared with 14,208 calls by July 2021, this equates to a 2.1% decrease.
86. The highest number of calls recorded in the last 12 months were now recorded in January 2021 with 1,428 received by Police in the borough in this month alone. This is in stark contrast to the 699 calls received in January 2020 before the first Covid-19 lockdown.
87. In further contrast, the last 4 months from April to July 2021 had an average of over 50% less calls than the same months in 2020, when the monthly average was nearly 2,300 calls per month.
88. These last 4 months have also remained relatively steady with an average of over 1,020 calls per month which are the lowest monthly call numbers in the last 12 months. July with 980 calls had the lowest number in the last year.
89. London's call levels also continue their return to normal with an overall increase of 2.4% in the last year equating to an average of over 1,100 more calls per borough. In July 2021 there were 29,693 calls or around 927 calls per borough in the month, compared to July 2020 when 42,306 calls were recorded in the month across the capital, approximately 1,322 calls per borough.
90. Across both London and Enfield the highest proportion of anti-social behaviour calls to Police were for Rowdy Or Inconsiderate Behaviour along with Rowdy/Nuisance Neighbour issues.

Table 3: Enfield ASB calls to Police by Category

Police recorded Anti-Social Behaviour Calls in Enfield			
Enfield ASB Call Categories	Aug 2019 to Jul 2020	Aug 2020 to Jul 2021	% Change
Rowdy Or Inconsiderate Behaviour	7718	7529	-2%
Rowdy / Nuisance Neighbours	2169	2209	2%
Not Mapped	1774	1766	0%
Veh Nuisance / Inappropriate Use	909	1027	13%
Noise	657	616	-6%
Begging / Vagrancy	308	252	-18%
Trespass	300	188	-37%
Veh Abandoned - Not stolen	211	205	-3%
Fireworks	189	180	-5%
Prostitution Related Activity	129	102	-21%
Littering / Drugs Paraphernalia	76	79	4%
Animal Problems	20	28	40%
ASB Environmental	19	11	-42%
Street Drinking	18	8	-56%
ASB Nuisance	11	5	-55%
ASB Personal	6	3	-50%
Total	14514	14208	-2%

Chart 5: Enfield ASB calls to Police 2 years to July 2021



Vehicle Offences in Enfield

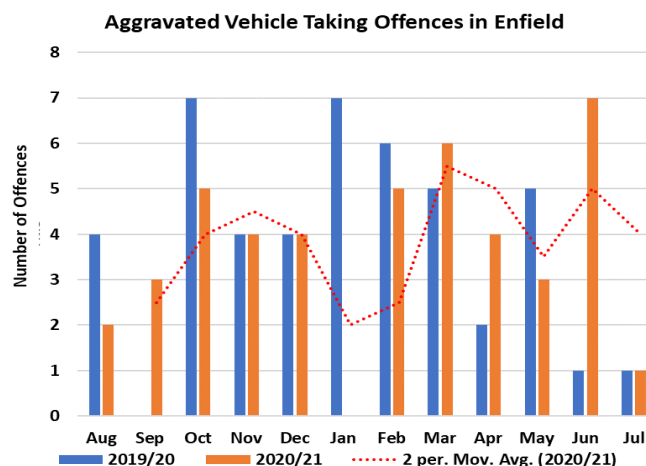
Aggravated Vehicle Taking

91. This offence type is the consistently the smallest proportion of vehicle crimes in the borough. 44 offences were recorded in the year to July 2021, compared with 46 recorded by July 2020. This is a decrease of 2 offences (-4.3%).

92. In London, there has been a decrease of 26.1% in the same period, with 759 offences across the capital by July 2021, equating to 24 offences per borough.

93. Over the last year numbers of offences generally remained the same or lower than the same months the year before. In March and again in April 2021, this trend reversed, and the numbers are higher than the same months in 2019/20.

94. After the stark contrast in June 2021 with the same month last year, there were single offences recorded in both July this year and last year, which are the lowest monthly levels in the last 24 months.



Interfering with a Motor Vehicle

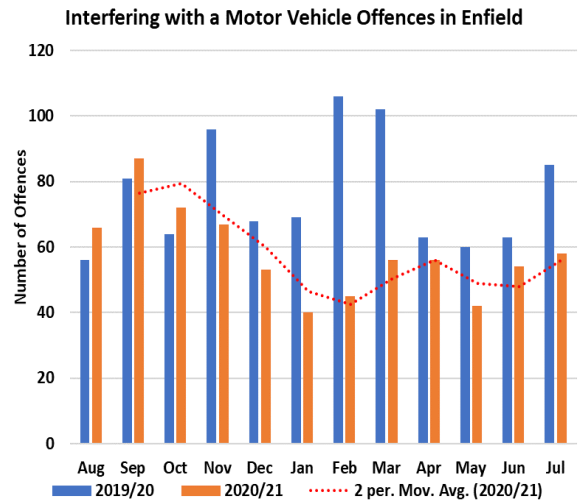
95. There has been a decrease of 217 offences in the year to July 2021, recording 696 offences this year, compared with 913 the previous year, a decrease of 23.8%.

96. In London, there was a decrease of 26.4% in the same period, equating to 136 less offences per borough.

97. Over 2020/21 the trend in offences has largely been following the same patterns as they did in 2019/20.

98. Enfield recorded the lowest number of offences in January 2021 with 40 offences. February and March 2021 levels at 44 and 54 offences respectively are in very stark contrast to the same months in 2020 at 102 and 106 offences.

99. Most recently July 2021 then had 58 offences recorded, in contrast to the 85 recorded in July 2020.

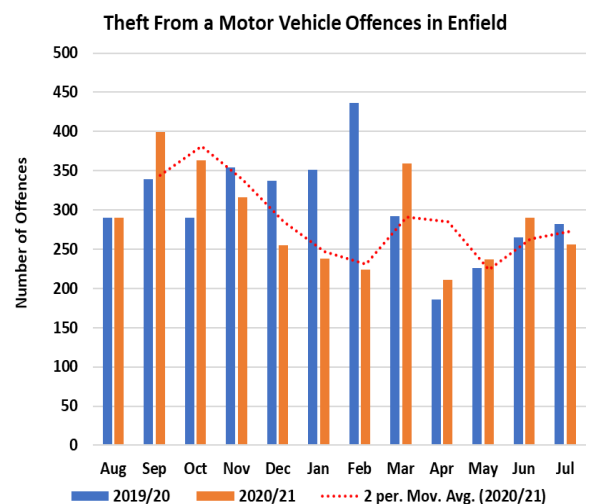


Theft from a Motor Vehicle

100. This vehicle crime category generally contributes to the highest proportion of all vehicle related crime in Enfield.

101. Overall in 2020/21 there has been a decrease of 5.8%, recording 3,438 offences, compared with 3,648 offences in the year to July 2020, a difference of 210 less offences.

102. In contrast, in London, there was a notably higher decrease of 17.6% in the year to July 2021, which equates to approximately 416 less offences per borough or an average of 1,943 offences per borough.



103. Recently there was a peak in March 2021 after the preceding months since September 2020 of steady monthly decline. 359 offences were then recorded in March 2021.

104. There has since been a steady rise over the last 4 months since April 2021, until a small decline in June 2021.

Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle

105. In Enfield this is the only one of the vehicle crime category that has increased in the year to July 2021.

106. There was a total of 1,543 Theft or Taking of Motor Vehicle offences in the year ending July 2021, compared with 1,358 offences the previous year, an increase of 13.6% or 185 more offences.

107. In London, there was a decrease of 3.4% in the same period, equating to 29 less offences per local authority and an average of 818 offences per borough in 2020/21.

108. Throughout the first half of 2020/21 monthly numbers in the borough have remained below the same months in 2019/20.

109. However in the last 7 months of 2020/21, the trend reversed, with an average of over 60 more offences recorded in the most recent 5 months than the same months in 2019/20.

